EMANCIPATION AND FREEDOM MONUMENT

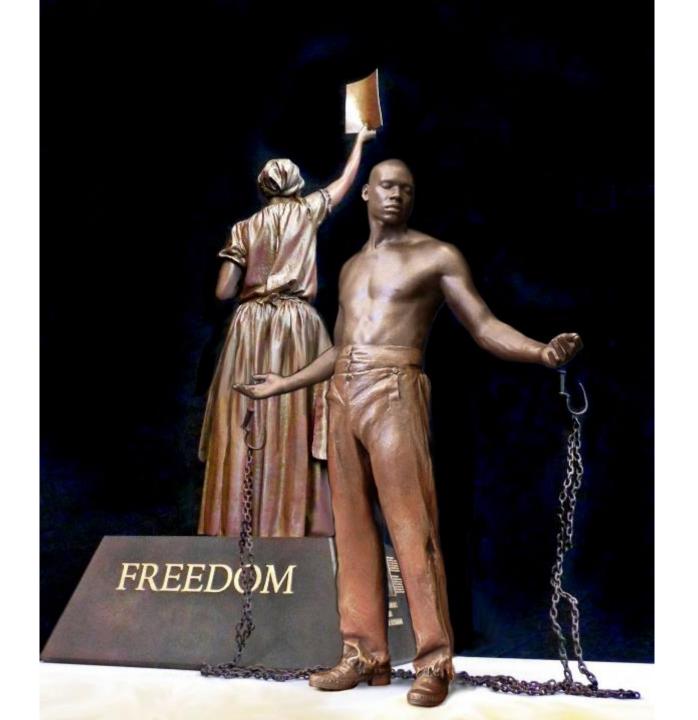
Commissioned by the Virginia Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. Memorial Commission for construction on Brown's Island in Richmond

Sculptor: Thomas Jay Warren

Landscape Architect: Four Winds Design

Monument Design

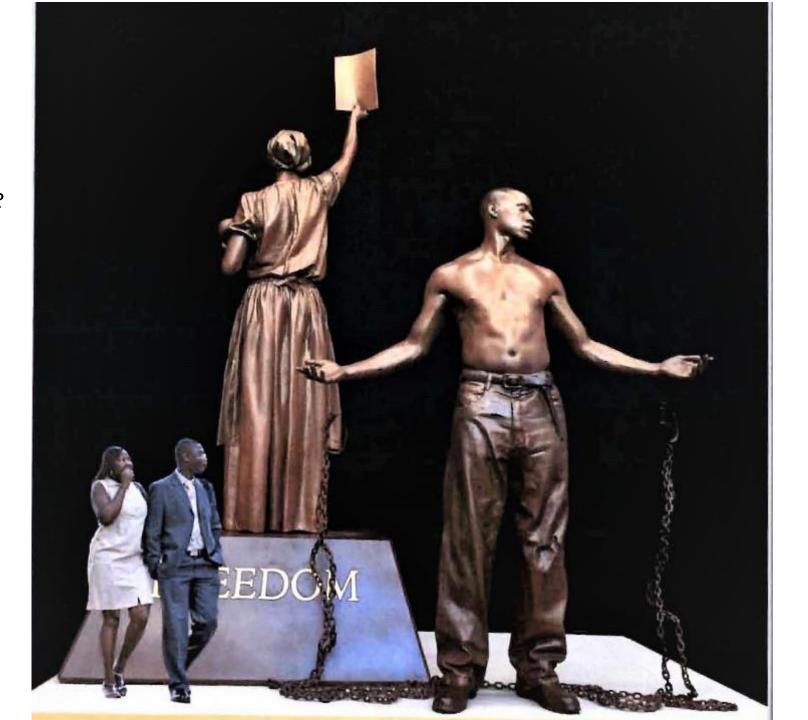
Emancipation and Freedom Monument Early Model 12-foot bronze figures



Emancipation and Freedom Monument Early Model 12-foot bronze figures



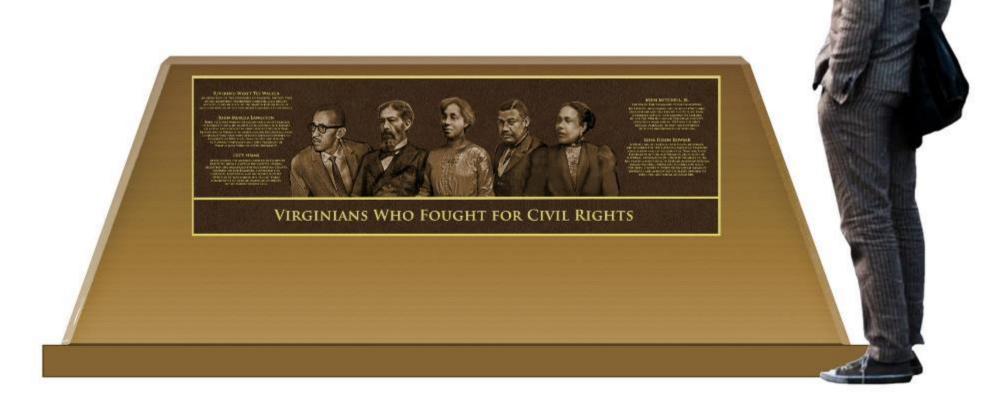
Emancipation and Freedom Monument Early Model 12-foot bronze figures



Emancipation and Freedom Monument

Plaques on pedestal will feature images and biographical information of 10 African American Virginians who fought for Emancipation and Freedom

66" x 20" relief panel shown to scale on pedestal



West pedestal

GABRIEL (CA. 17708-1800)

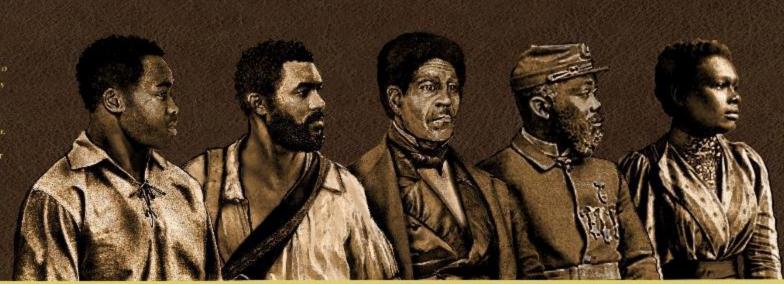
ENSLAYED, STERRATE MACKSMITH WHO IN 1800 ORCHESTRATED ONE OF THE MOST IMPORTANT ATTEMPTED ERVOLTS IN THE HISTORY OF NORTH AMERICAN SLAVERY. THE PLOT, INSTIRED BY INTERNATIONAL REVOLUTIONALY MOVEMBER, WAS RETRAYED AND SUPPRESSED IN TORIC CORD. SET IN MOTION, THE EXECUTION OF GABBILLE AND MANY OF HIS FOR OWNERS STREET, HAD BRAKE THE CONTRADICTIONS OF ARTHURAN PREDICTIONS AND MARRICAN SLAVERY.

NAT TURNER (1800-1831)

LIADER OF THE MIST FAMOUS SLAVE REVOLT IN AMERICAN-HISTORY, HE SHAT EVED THE MYTH OF THE CONTENT IS SLAVE. THE RECORD SOUTHAMPTON REVOLT OF 1831 AND THE WIDESPERAD REPRESSION AND VIOLENCE AGAINST AFRICAN AMERICANS THAT FOLLOWED REVEAUED DARKS TRUTHS ABOUT SLAVENY AND HAMPTED AMERICA HAPTE THE CIVIL WAR

DRED SCOTT (CA. 1799-1858)

EN MAYED MAN TROM SOURTHAMITON COUNTY WHOME LAWSEIT FOR HIS PREFICION BED TO THE 1837 SUPREME COURT DECISION DEED SCOTT V SANDFORD, DICTARING THAT PERSONS DE AFRICAN DESCRIPTION OF AGENTS UNDER THE U.S. CONSTITUTION, HELFING TO TREAGER THE CAYAL WAR AND EMANCIPATION.



WILLIAM HARVEY CARNEY (1840-1908)

ENLAPED ALAPE PROM NORBOUN WHO POUGHT WITH THE SATH MASSACHURETTS INFAMERY REGIMENT OF THE UNITED STATES CONCRED TROOPS. FOR THE BURKONN AT FORT WAGNED IN 1863, HE WAS THE FIRST PHRSON OF ARROAD DISCINET TO LARK THE CONGRESSIONAL MEDAL OF HONOR, CARNEY AND HIS FELLOW SOLDIERS TOUGHT FOR THE JAMACENTION OF MANN OF THEIR RECTHERS AND SISTERS.

MARY JANE RICHARDS BOWSER (FL. 1846 1867)

BORN INTO SLAVERY SIE GAINED AN EDUCATION AND WINT AS A MISSIONARY TO LIBERIA. SHE RETURNED TO RECEINOND AND SERVED AS A REY MEMBER OF A PRO-UNION SIY MING DURING THE CIVIL WAR. GATHERING INTEGERICA REPULL TO THE UNITED SIZES FROM THE HOUSEHOLD OF JEFFRISON DAYIS. PRESIDENT OF THE CONFEDERACY, AFTER EMANCIPATION, SHE DEDICATED HERSILLY TO LIDICATING THE PURMERLY ENGLAVED, LECTURING AND TEACHING IN PREPIMER'S VCHOOLS IN VIERDIA, FROM THE ADDICATION, AND GOOGRAFIA.

VIRGINIANS WHO FOUGHT AGAINST SLAVERY

VIRGINIANS WHO FOUGHT AGAINST SLAVERY

GABRIEL (ca. 1770s-1800)

Enslaved, literate blacksmith who in 1800 orchestrated one of the most important attempted revolts in the history of North American slavery. The plot, inspired by international revolutionary movements, was betrayed and suppressed before it could be set in motion. The execution of Gabriel and many of his followers starkly laid bare the contradictions of American freedom and American slavery.

NAT TURNER (1800-1831)

Leader of the most famous slave revolt in American history, he shattered the myth of the contented slave. The bloody Southampton revolt of 1831 and the widespread repression and violence against African Americans that followed revealed dark truths about slavery and haunted America until the Civil War.

DRED SCOTT (ca. 1799-1858)

Enslaved man from Southampton County whose lawsuit for his freedom led to the 1857 Supreme Court decision Dred Scott V. Sandford, declaring that persons of African descent had no rights under the U.S. Constitution, helping to trigger the Civil War and Emancipation.

WILLIAM HARVEY CARNEY (1840-1908)

ESCAPED SLAVE FROM NORFOLK WHO FOUGHT WITH THE 54TH MASSACHUSETTS INFANTRY REGIMENT OF THE UNITED STATES COLORED TROOPS. FOR HIS HEROISM AT FORT WAGNER IN 1863, HE WAS THE FIRST PERSON OF AFRICAN DESCENT TO EARN THE CONGRESSIONAL MEDAL OF HONOR. CARNEY AND HIS FELLOW SOLDIERS FOUGHT FOR THE EMANCIPATION OF MANY OF THEIR BROTHERS AND SISTERS.

MARY JANE RICHARDS BOWSER (fl. 1846-1867)
BORN INTO SLAVERY, SHE GAINED AN EDUCATION AND WENT AS A MISSIONARY TO LIBERIA. SHE RETURNED TO RICHMOND AND SERVED AS A KEY MEMBER OF A PRO-UNION SPY RING DURING THE CIVIL WAR, GATHERING INTELLIGENCE HELPFUL TO THE UNITED STATES FROM THE HOUSEHOLD OF JEFFERSON DAVIS, PRESIDENT OF THE CONFEDERACY. AFTER EMANCIPATION, SHE DEDICATED HERSELF TO EDUCATING THE FORMERLY ENSLAVED, LECTURING AND TEACHING IN FREEDMEN'S SCHOOLS IN VIRGINIA, FLORIDA, AND GEORGIA.

East pedestal

REVEREND WYATT TEE WALKER 11929 20181

AN ARCHITECT OF THE STRATIGHTS OF FRACIPIL PROTEST
THAT ENDED SEGRECATION LIE WAS A PETERSBURG
MINISTER, A CHYL RIGHTS ACTIVIST, CHIEF OF STAFF TO
ID. MAILIN LUTHER KING, IR., AND A CO FOUNDER OF
THE SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE.

JOHN MERCER LANGSTON (1829-1897)

BORN TO A FREE WOMAN OF COLOR AND A WHITE PLANTER. IN LOUISA COUNTY, HE GAINED AN EDUCATION AND BECAME AN ACTIVE AROUTEDINGS IN ORDER SEPTIRE THE CIVIL WAR. RETURNING TO VIRGINIA OURING RECONSTRUCTION. HE WAS VIRGINIAN FURST ADDRAIN A MARKE AN MARKE DE CONGRESS IN 1888, THE FIRST DIAN OF THE LAW SCHOOL AT HOWARD UNIVERSITY, AND THE FIRST PUBLICATION OF WHAT IS ADDRAIN STATE UNIVERSITY.

LUCY SIMMS (1833-1934)

BORN A SLAVE, SHE BEGAN TEACHING AFRICAN AMERICAN STUDINGS AT AGE 17. A GRADUATE OF HAMPTON INSTITUTE INOW HAMPTON UNIVERSITY), SHE YALGUIT TERRIE GENERATIONS OF AFRICAN AMERICAN STUDINTS IN THE HARRISONIUM AREA 36-YEAR CASELE. DURING SEGREGATION, SHE ORGANIZED THE BOCKINGHIAM COUNTY ASSOCIATION FOR TEACHERS AND ADVOCATED FOR UNIVERSAL TOUGATION.



JOHN MITCHELL, JR. (1863 1929)

BORN INTO SLAWERY AND EDUCATED IN THE FREEDRIN'S SCHOOLS DURING RECONSTRUCTION, HE RECAME THE EDITOR OF THE RECEMOND PLANTS NEWSPATES. HE EXPOSED AND CAMMIGNED AGAINST LYNCHINGS, SECREGATION, AND THE RISE OF THE RIS RULL KLAN. A FRANCESS ACTIVIST AND COMMUNITY BUILDES, HE WAS A LEADER OF THE 1904 RICHMOND STREETCAR. BOYCO IT, FOR MUDD A BANK, AND IN 1921 WAS THE HIST AFRICAN AMERICAN TO RUN FOR GOVERNOR OTTHE COMMON WHATH OF VIRIGINIA.

ROSA DIXON BOWSER (1885-1931)

EDUCATOR, WOMEN'S RIGHTS ACTIVIST, AND SOCIAL REFORMER WHIO FOUNDED THE FIRST AFRICAN ARERICAN FEACHER ASSOCIATION OF VIRGINIA AND GO FOUNDED THE VIRGINIA STATE FEDERATION OF COLORED WOMEN'S CLUBS AND THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF COLORED WOMEN'S CLUBS, SEE PLAYED A MAJOR ROLE IN AFRICAN AMERICAN REFORM ORGANIZATIONS, URBERTS SUPPORTION, UNIVERSAL WOMEN'S SUPPLIED BY A STATE AND FRANCISCHY OPPORED TO LYNCHINGS AND ARE TAL STREETGATION.

VIRGINIANS WHO FOUGHT FOR EQUALITY

VIRGINIANS WHO FOUGHT FOR EQUALITY

REVEREND WYATT TEE WALKER (1929-2018)

AN ARCHITECT OF THE STRATEGIES OF PEACEFUL PROTEST THAT ENDED SEGREGATION. HE WAS A PETERSBURG MINISTER, A CIVIL RIGHTS ACTIVIST, CHIEF OF STAFF TO DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., AND A CO-FOUNDER OF THE SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE.

JOHN MERCER LANGSTON (1829-1897)

Born to a free woman of color and a white planter in Louisa County, he gained an education and became an active abolitionist in Ohio before the Civil War. Returning to Virginia during Reconstruction, he was Virginia's first African American member of Congress in 1888, the first dean of the law school at Howard University, and the first president of what is now Virginia State University.

LUCY SIMMS (1855-1934)

BORN A SLAVE, SHE BEGAN TEACHING AFRICAN AMERICAN STUDENTS AT AGE 17. A GRADUATE OF HAMPTON INSTITUTE (NOW HAMPTON UNIVERSITY) SHE TAUGHT THREE GENERATIONS OF AFRICAN AMERICAN STUDENTS IN THE HARRISONBURG AREA OVER A 56-YEAR CAREER.

DURING SEGREGATION SHE ORGANIZED THE ROCKINGHAM COUNTY ASSOCIATION FOR TEACHERS AND ADVOCATED FOR UNIVERSAL EDUCATION.

JOHN MITCHELL, Jr. (1863-1929)

BORN INTO SLAVERY AND EDUCATED IN THE FREEDMEN'S SCHOOLS DURING RECONSTRUCTION, HE BECAME THE EDITOR OF THE RICHMOND PLANET NEWSPAPER.

HE EXPOSED AND CAMPAIGNED AGAINST LYNCHINGS, SEGREGATION, AND THE RISE OF THE KU KLUX KLAN.

A FEARLESS ACTIVIST AND COMMUNITY BUILDER, HE WAS A LEADER OF THE 1904 RICHMOND STREETCAR BOYCOTT, FOUNDED A BANK, AND IN 1921 WAS THE FIRST AFRICAN AMERICAN TO RUN FOR GOVERNOR OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA.

Rosa Dixon Bowser (1855-1931)

EDUCATOR, WOMEN'S RIGHTS ACTIVIST, AND SOCIAL REFORMER WHO FOUNDED THE FIRST AFRICAN AMERICAN TEACHERS ASSOCIATION OF VIRGINIA AND CO-FOUNDED THE VIRGINIA STATE FEDERATION OF COLORED WOMEN'S CLUBS AND THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF COLORED WOMEN'S CLUBS. SHE PLAYED A MAJOR ROLE IN AFRICAN AMERICAN REFORM ORGANIZATIONS, GROUPS SUPPORTING UNIVERSAL WOMEN'S SUFFRAGE, AND ASSOCIATIONS PUBLICLY OPPOSED TO LYNCHINGS AND RACIAL SEGREGATION.

South pedestal

Throughout the period of slavery in Virginia, enslaved people sought freedom through acts of resistance, self-liberation, and rebellion. At the start of the Civil War, enslaved people sought to aid United States troops at Fort Monroe. On January 1, 1863, the Emancipation Proclamation freed enslaved people only in areas "in rebellion" against the United States. In 1865, the Thirteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States abolished slavery across the nation. In 1868, the Fourteenth Amendment established the formerly enslaved as citizens of the United States and promised equal protection under the law for all. The struggle to make that promise a reality continues.

THE VIRGINIA DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING. JR. MEMORIAL COMMISSION DEDICATES THIS MONUMENT TO AFRICAN AMERICAN VIRGINIANS WHO MADE SIGNIFICANT CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE FIGHT FOR THE EMANCIPATION AND FREEDOM OF FORMERLY ENSLAVED PERSONS AND FOR CIVIL RIGHTS IN THE COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA THROUGH THE TWENTIETH CENTURY.

Throughout the period of slavery in Virginia, enslaved people sought freedom through acts of resistance, self-liberation, and rebellion. At the start of the Civil War, enslaved people sought to aid United States troops at Fort Monroe. On January 1, 1863, the Emancipation Proclamation freed enslaved people only in areas "in rebellion" against the United States. In 1865, the Thirteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States abolished slavery across the Nation. In 1868, the Fourteenth Amendment established the formerly enslaved as citizens of the United States and promised equal protection under the law for all. The struggle to make that promise a reality continues.

The Virginia Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. Memorial Commission dedicates this monument to African American Virginians who made significant contributions to the fight for the emancipation and freedom of formerly enslaved persons and for civil rights in the Commonwealth of Virginia through the twentieth century.

Monument Progress

Life-Size Clay Figures
Approved by the
Commission 3/12/19





3D Scanning and Enlargement of Figures 2019







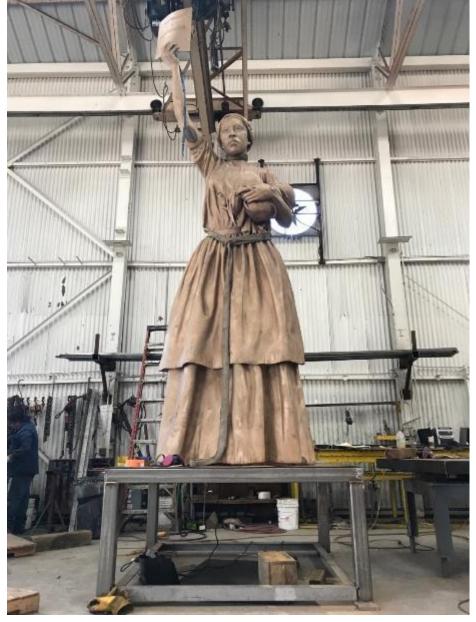




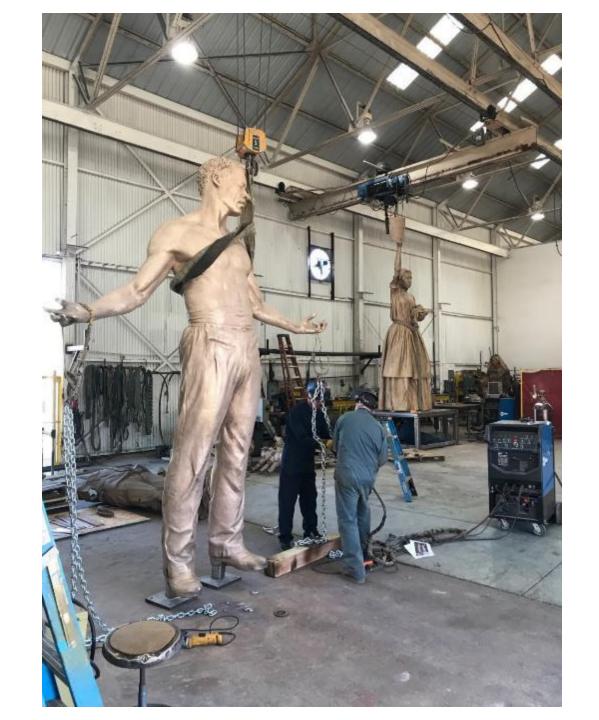


Bronze Casting and Assembly at Foundry February 14, 2020

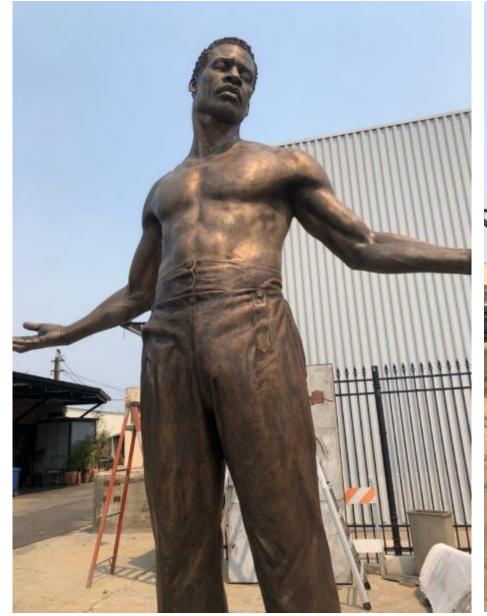


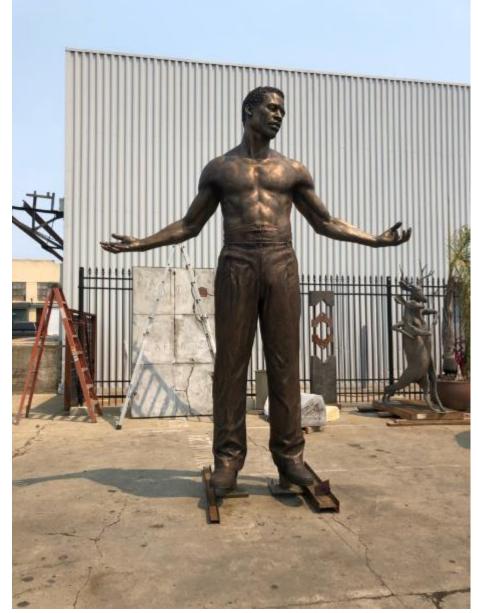


Bronze Casting and Assembly at Foundry February 14, 2020



Patina Finish at Foundry August 21, 2020

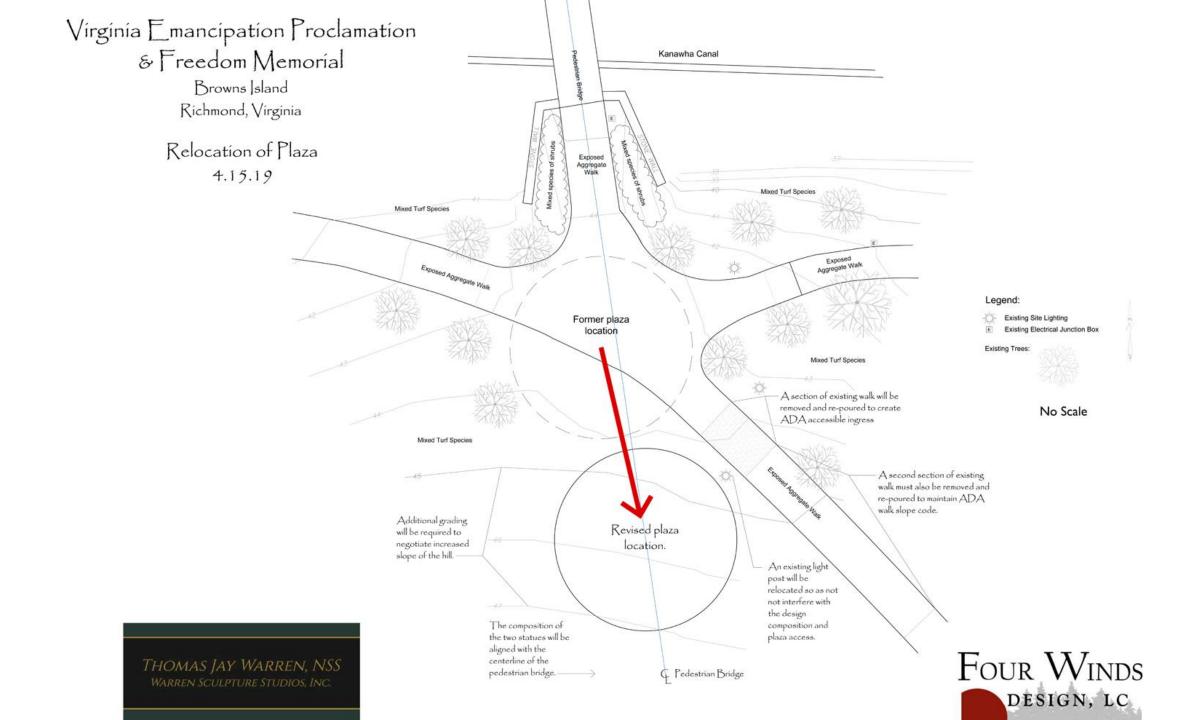


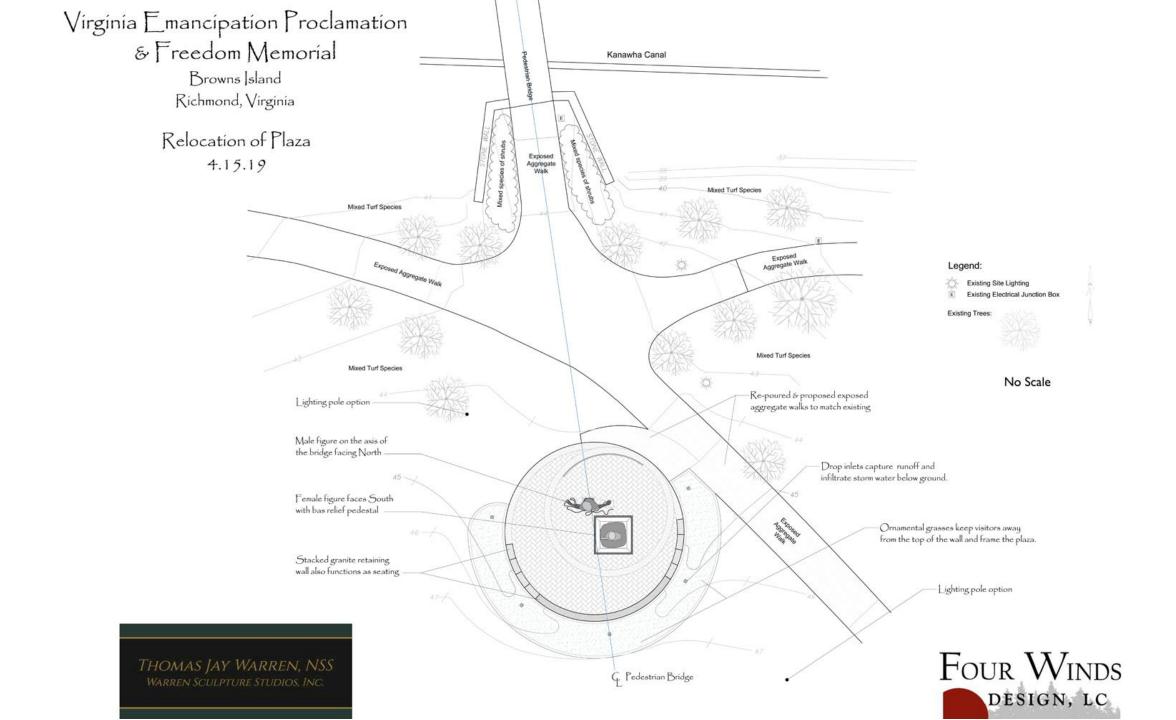


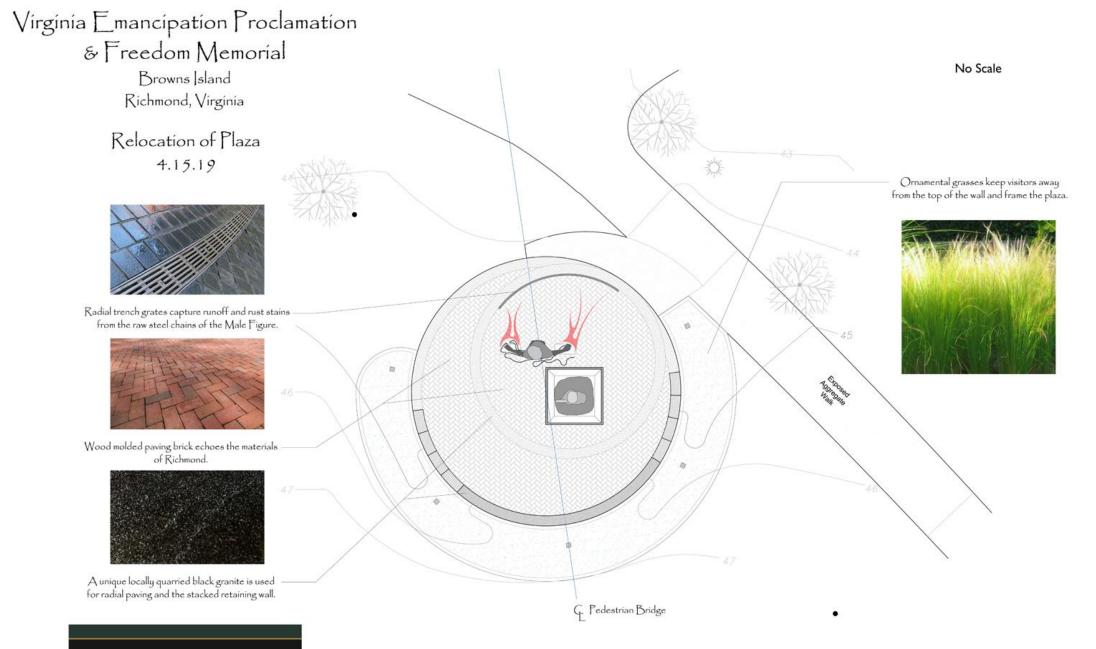
Brown's Island Site

Monument site on Brown's Island in Richmond



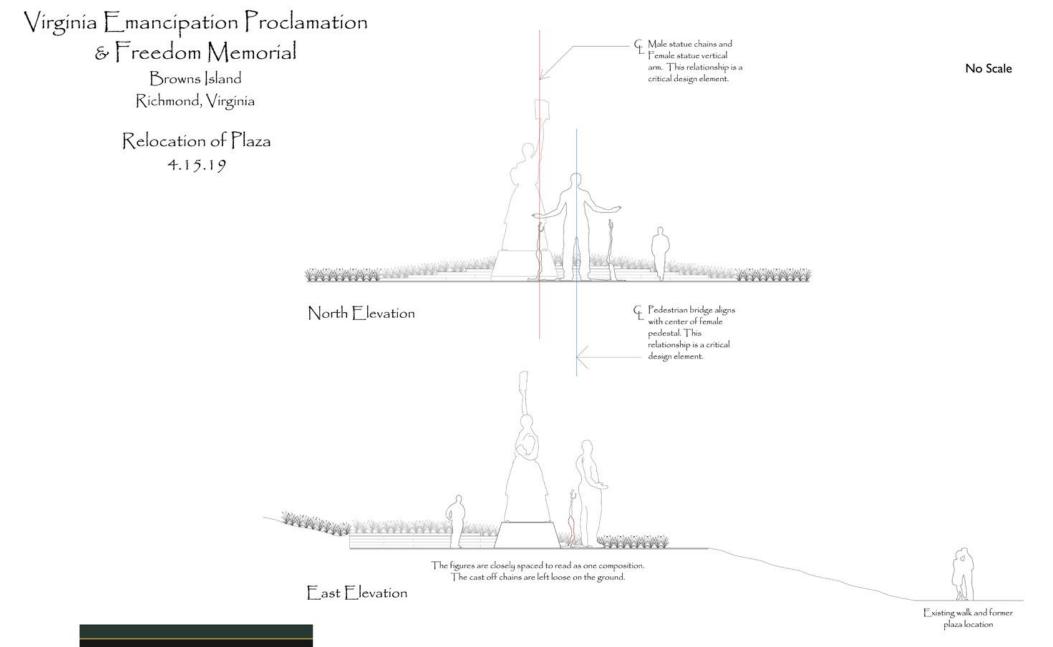






THOMAS JAY WARREN, NSS
WARREN SCULPTURE STUDIOS, INC.

FOUR WINDS





Project Timeline Overview

- **2012** | General Assembly appropriates \$500,000 from the general fund toward planning and constructing the monument for the sesquicentennial of the Emancipation Proclamation
- **2013** | MLK Commission issues a request for proposals for a monument
- **2014** | Commission notifies Thomas Jay Warren of his selection as the artist
- **2016** | Commission solicits nominations for African American Virginians to appear on the base of the monument
- **2017** | Commission holds public hearings and selects 10 Virginians for the monument
- June 13, 2018 | Commission's contract with Thomas Jay Warren goes into effect and work begins on the monument
- 2019 | Clay figures for Monument are completed and approved, then 3D scanned and enlarged for bronze casting
- **November 29, 2019** | Contract with the artist is amended to account for changes required at the Monument site on Brown's Island
- **2020** | Bronze figures are completed

October 2020 status: Deed transfer for monument site from City of Richmond to the Commonwealth is in progress; soil management issues to be resolved before transfer can be completed and site work can begin